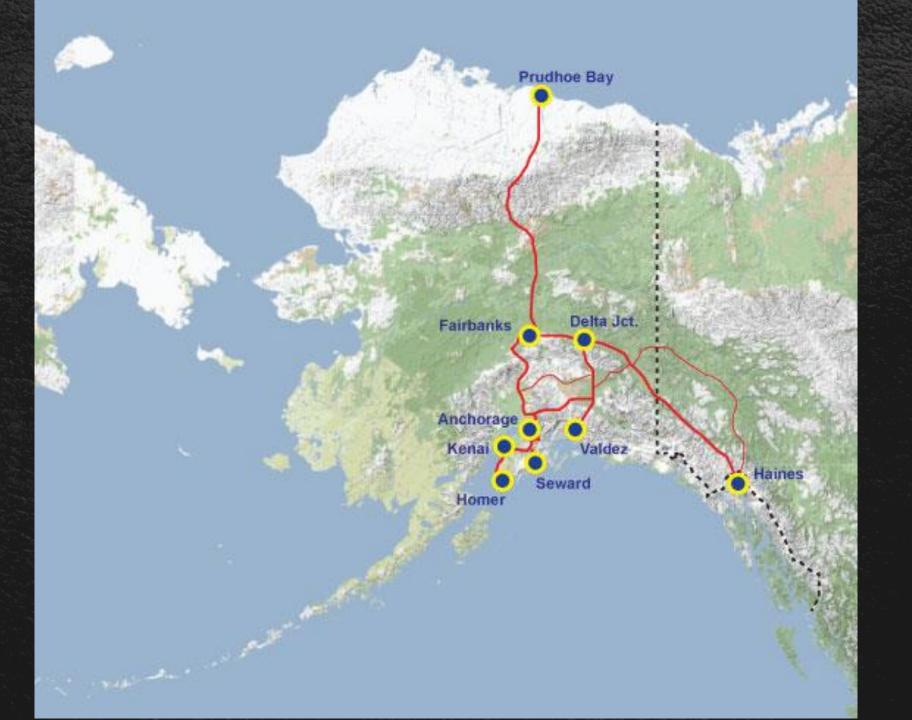
# OVERVIEW OF THE ALASKA FLEX EMS SUSTAINABILITY PROJECT

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MAP OF ALASKA



## ALASKA FLEX EMS SUSTAINABILITY PROJECT

- ESTABLISH A TELE-STROKE PROGRAM THAT INTEGRATES EMS WITH THE RECEIVING NEUROLOGIST TO REDUCE THE TIME BETWEEN IN FIELD ASSESSMENTS AND THE MOST BENEFICIAL TREATMENT WITHOUT ADDED DELAYS.
- THIS GOAL OF THIS PILOT PROJECT IS TO REDUCE NEGATIVE OUTCOMES CAUSED BY LARGE VESSEL OCCLUSION IN CEREBRAL VASCULAR INCIDENTS BY UTILIZING A COORDINATED SYSTEMS APPROACH.



#### STEPS TO IMPLEMENTATION

#### EMS MEDICAL DIRECTION/NEUROLOGY

- 1. DEVELOP FIELD AND IN-HOSPITAL PROTOCOLS
- 2. ON-CALL AVAILABILITY (NEUROLOGISTS)
- 3. SYSTEM TECHNOLOGY AVAILABILITY:

  COMPLIANCE AND USABILITY WITH EMS

  AGENCIES



## STEPS TO IMPLEMENTATION, ONCE MORE

#### EMS AGENCIES

- 1. ENROLLMENT: NIKISKI FIRE DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL EMERGENCY SERVICES, KENAI FIRE DEPARTMENT
  - a) Medical Director, Training Coordinator and Fire Chief all agreed to participate
- 2. DEVELOP APPROPRIATE TELE-STROKE PROTOCOLS
- 3. SYSTEM TECHNOLOGY AVAILABILITY: COMPLIANCE AND USABILITY WITH HOSPITALS
- 4. TRAIN FIELD PROVIDERS
  - a) ROLL-OUT OF SPECIFIC TELE-STROKE PROTOCOLS
  - b) Equipment and program familiarization
  - c) In field assessments for large vessel occlusion: BEFAST
  - d) High fidelity based scenarios to measure skill proficiency (skill proficiency testing)
  - e) Assessment for measuring cognitive retention (written exam)



#### BE FAST









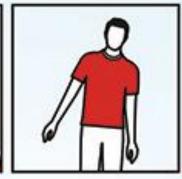
















**BALANCE** 

LOSS OF BALANCE, HEADACHE OR DIZZINESS **EYES** 

**BLURRED VISION** 

**FACE** 

ONE SIDE OF THE FACE IS DROOPING

**ARMS** 

ARM OR LEG WEAKNESS **SPEECH** 

SPEECH DIFFICULTY

TIME

TIME TO CALL FOR AMBULANCE IMMEDIATELY

#### VAN

	Large artery clot	No large artery clot	
VAN+	14	5	19 Total VAN+
VAN-	0	43	43 Total VAN-
	14 Large artery clot	48 No large artery clot	
	Large artery clot	No large artery clot	
NIHSS ≥6	14	10	24 Total
NIHSS <6	0	38	38 Total
	14 Large artery clot	48 No large artery clot	

Positive predictive value of VAN=14/19=74%; sensitivity=14/14=100%.

Positive predictive value of NIHSS=14/24=58%; sensitivity=14/14=100%.

Negative predictive value of VAN=43/43=100%; specificity=43/48=90%.

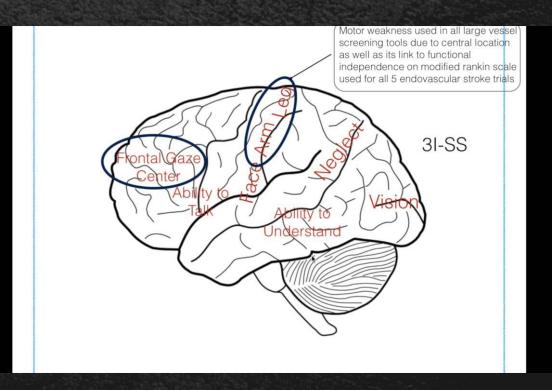
Negative predictive value of NIHSS=38/38=100%; specificity=38/48=79%.

Accuracy VAN=57/62=92%.

Accuracy NIHSS=52/62=84%.

In addition, the goal of the quality study was to access average door to needle times. Our average time before implementation of VAN was 2 h 40 min. The time was reduced to 1 h 25 min when the VAN protocol was employed.

NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale; VAN, vision, aphasia, and neglect.



### STEPS TO IMPLEMENTATION, CONTINUED

#### COMMUNICATION & DATA

- 1. Communicate New Tele-Stroke Protocols:
  Public Safety Dispatch Centers, EMS
  AGENCIES, AIR MEDEVAC COMPANIES, HOSPITALS,
  NEURO-TREATMENT PROVIDERS
- 2. Marketing: Ensure all Stakeholders are aware of this pilot project: public, hospitals, clinics, EMTs, flight crews, neurology groups and receiving facilities
- 3. Data collection and tracking: diagnosis, misdiagnosis, morbidity and mortality etc.
  - a) Coordinating prehospital data and stroke registry



### CURRENT BARRIERS TO OVERCOME

- COMPATIBLE EQUIPMENT BETWEEN THE NEUROLOGY PROVIDERS AND EMS
- COORDINATION BETWEEN PARTNERS NO ISSUES YET BUT ANTICIPATE SOME AS WE IMPLEMENT THE TELE-STROKE PROGRAM (CULTURE CHANGE)

