Using Telehealth to Support Value-Based Care

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Stratis Health

- Independent, nonprofit, Minnesotabased organization founded in 1971
 - Mission: Lead collaboration and innovation in health care quality and safety, and serve as a trusted expert in facilitating improvement for people and communities
- Working at the intersection of research, policy, and practice

Objectives

- 1. Learn about telehealth basics including considerations for Value-Based Care.
- Discover how the federal payment policies implemented during the pandemic related to reimbursement impact(ed) your practice and patient services.
- 3. Discuss ideas for successfully implementing telehealth to improve organizational goals and patient outcomes.
- 4. Hear from a rural clinic who has been using telehealth to manage their patient populations.

Telehealth Basics & Considerations for Value-Based Care



Polling Question #1:

Are you currently using telehealth? If yes, for how long?

- 1-1-1/2 years (since the pandemic started)
- 2-5 years
- 5+ years



Polling Question #2

What are your primary uses of telehealth? (please type your answers into chat)



Telemedicine vs Telehealth

- Telemedicine is often used when referring to traditional clinical diagnosis and monitoring that is delivered by technology
- Telehealth is a collection of means or methods for enhancing health care, public health and health education delivery and support using telecommunications technologies
- Telehealth is not a specific service, but a collection of means to enhance care and education delivery

https://www.cchpca.org/about/about-telehealth

Uses for Telehealth in Value- Based Care

- Acute care: illnesses and injuries
- Chronic disease management
- Behavioral health
- Substance use disorder treatment
- Follow-up visits: medication management, post hospitalization discharge



Uses for Telehealth in Value-Based Care (continued)

- Medication management
- Dental consultations/education
- Triage
- Second opinions
- Referral advice/consultations



Telehealth Settings in Value-Based Care

- Telestroke, Sleep Medicine, Weight Management, Home Dialysis
- Telepsychology/Behavioral Health ED, inpatient, at-home, grouphomes
- Cardiology/CHF/Hypertension
- Chronic Pain Management; Dementia
- Infectious Disease; Wound Management; Orthopedics
- Oncology; Dermatology; Medication Therapy, Allergy
- Palliative Care; Hospitalist Services
- Transitional Care, Remote Patient Monitoring
- County Jail family practice services
- Educational materials



Terminology Basics



Synchronous Consultation

- Live interaction that is HIPAA compliant
 - Two-way interactive audio-visual
 - Provider to person visit
 - Second opinion consultation
 - On-demand acute care rounding



Advantages of Synchronous Delivery

- Virtual consults
- Accommodates a wide geographic distance
- Fills the gap where there is a specialty shortage



Terminology Basics (continued)

Asynchronous Consultation

- Recorded health information via secure technology
 - Store and forward
 - Digital images/documents (e.g.: x-rays, wound care)
 - Pre-recorded video





Advantages of Asynchronous Delivery

- Fewer resources needed
- Can do in off-peak hours
- Less infrastructure
- Experience doesn't have to be in real time (ie: tele-wound, tele-burn)



Remote Patient Monitoring

- Use of digital technologies to collect medical and other forms of health data from individuals
- Electronically transmit that information securely for assessment and recommendations
- Includes vital signs, weight, blood pressure, blood sugar, blood oxygen levels, heart rate, and electrocardiograms

https://www.cchpca.org/telehealth-policy/telehealth-and-medicare

Remote Patient Monitoring Uses

- Chronic disease management
- Behavioral health services
- Home based dialysis
- Managing mild COVID-19 cases



Remote Patient Monitoring Uses

Remote patient monitoring (RPM)

personal health and medical data

collection in one location via electronic communication technologies transmitted to a provider in a different location



 Uses: chronic disease management, remote ICU



Mobile Health

- Compile and distributing health information via mobile/wireless devices (cell phones, tablets, computers)
- Text messages





Mobile Health Uses

- Monitoring of chronic disease
- Prevention for addiction services
- Depression management
- Daily reminders
- Automated hospital discharge summaries
- Health care surveys



Benefits of Telehealth

- Long waits for in-person BH visits
- Saves time/travel time/costs
- Standardized care across systems
- Covers MD shortages
- Access in rural areas
- Consumer demand/patient feedback
- Expand access to crisis services
- Customer satisfaction surveys show no difference in scores, some actually prefer it
- Growth potential can be larger without bricks and mortar
- Financial benefit to be able to staff a service 24/7 in one location vs many
- Cost of professionals are shared between all customer sites
- Adds marketability

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Challenges of Telehealth

- Administrative engagement
- Technical problems (lack of bandwidth, loss of connectivity)
- Patient's lack of knowledge with technology
- Patient/Physician acceptance/engagement
- Infrastructure
- Sustainability (reimbursement)
- Ethical issues (perceived depersonalization, diminished trust)
- Reimbursement
- Documentation requirements
- Credentialing



Federal Payment Policies Implemented During the Public Health Emergency



Payors for Telehealth

- Medicare
- Medicaid
- Health Plans
- Other



1135 Waiver Funding/Policy Changes

- Expands originating site to include home
- FQHCs/RHC could bill as originating site
- Expands the geographic location to include urban and rural
- Expands licensing provision to all states
- Expands eligible providers
- Adds 180+ billing codes
- Waives HIPAA enforcement during pandemic Stratis Health

1135 Waiver Funding/Policy Changes (continued)

- Changes reimbursement to be same as in-person visits
- Flexibility for health care providers to not charge for co-pays
- DEA registered clinicians can prescribe controlled substances for patients remotely under certain circumstances

Policy/Funding Considerations for the Future

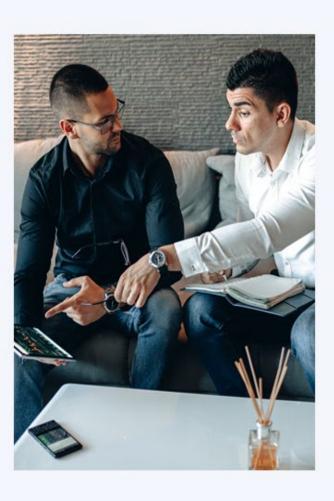
- 100+ pieces of pending legislation
- Looking to expand elements of PHE 1135 waiver
- Outcome of legislation will shape future of telehealth post-pandemic



Real Life Experiences Using Telehealth to Manage Patient Populations

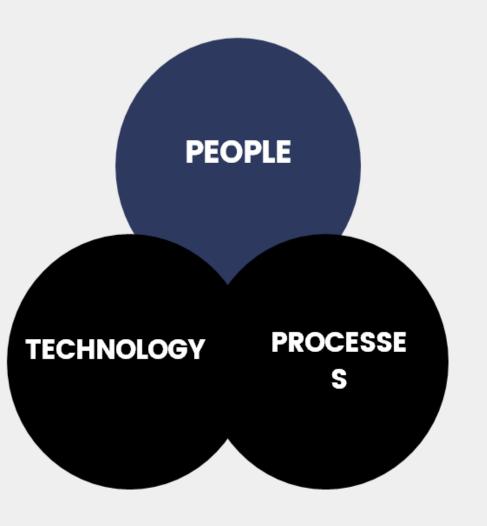






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TECHNOLOGICAL CHALLENGES

- No internet
- Access
- Compatability
- Digital Literacy



Telehealth - How To Get Started

- Engage leadership
- Choose a champion/co-champion
- Engage clinicians early and often
- Understand HIPAA requirements
- Understand billing requirements
- Choose a telehealth vendor
 - Evaluate contracted services annually

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Telehealth – How To Get To Started (continued)

- Prepare for telehealth workflows and protocols
- Develop a plan for informing patients
- Train staff initially as needed
- Have IT on stand-by for go-live date
- Understand consent needed for telehealth
- Conduct Plan, Do Study, Act (PDSA) cycles when first implementing
 - Make changes as needed



Must Have Resource for Telehealth Planning



TELEHEALTH FOR PROVIDERS: WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW





Polling Question #3:

 What uses of telehealth did you learn of today that you hadn't thought of prior to today? (please type answers in chat)



Questions?



Resources

- Center for Connected Health Policy
 - https://www.cchpca.org
- Telehealth Federal Policies
 - https://www.cchpca.org/resources/covid19telehealth-coverage-policies
- CMS Telehealth Toolkit
 - https://www.cms.gov/files/document/telehealthtoolkit-providers.pdf

Stratis Health is a nonprofit organization that leads collaboration and innovation in health care quality and safety, and serves as a trusted expert in facilitating improvement for people and communities.

