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Vendor Issues Management Or:

"I'm Right, and Here's Why!"

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Introduction

- Vendor issues management is about getting <u>your</u> issues resolved in a <u>timely</u> manner
- Need to consider the perspective of the vendor
- •This presentation will:
 - •Consider the perspectives of healthcare providers and IT vendors, contrasting their differences
 - •Discuss some techniques that you can use to track your issues, escalate them, and what to look out for

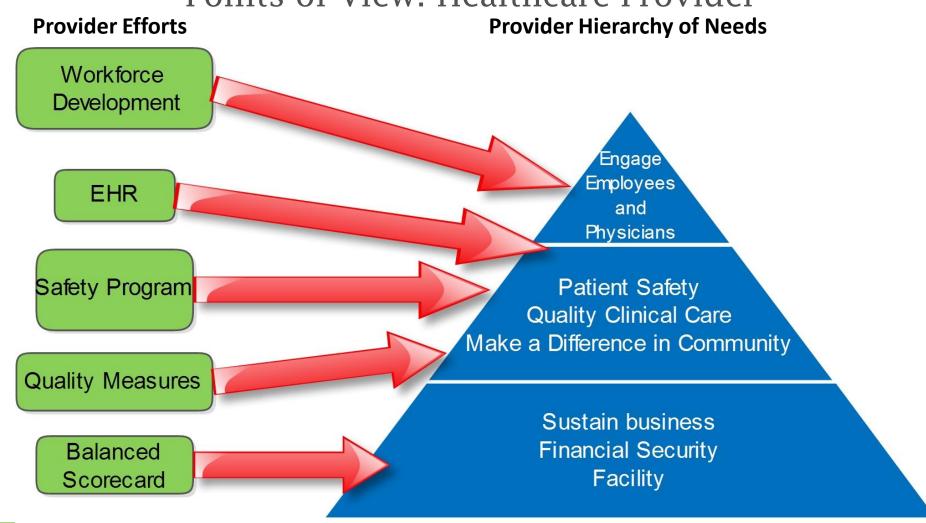
Remember: The vendor is your <u>partner!</u>



Points of View: Vendor **Vendor Efforts Vendor Hierarchy of Needs** Workforce Development Engage Product Employees' Development Make a Difference Support **Profit** Efficiency Keep Existing Customers **Acquire New Customers** Support Fees Sustain business Contracts Avoid Liability (Patient Safety)



Points of View: Healthcare Provider





Examples of Issues (and non-issues)

- Serious Issues
 - Patient Safety: Missed orders
 - •Reliability: Frequent outages due to software flaws
- Non-Critical (Minor) Issues
 - Productivity Wasters: Slow screen changes
 - •"Look and Feel": These may help with physician and staff engagement, but are not critical
- Non-Issues (at least for support)
 - •Reliability due to your inaction
 - Problems due to PC issues
 - •Issues that arise due to overlaying a poor workflow onto the EHR

Non-Critical Issues

- Work around exists
- May decrease productivity

Issue should be tracked

All Users Affected

Critical Issues

- Use double checks
- Backup procedures
- System may need to be disabled

Escalate Immediately

Inconvenience

Annoying Issues (non-issue?)

- Work around exists
- May be using the system improperly
- May not be worth fighting over with vendor.

Enhancement request

Few Users Affected

Patient Safety Risk

Important Issues

- Could be a significant risk, since they affect few users and may not be well known
- Use checks and balances

Requires escalation and diligent tracking

Considerable Effort Won't Get done "All Hands on May do as a paid Deck" enhancement Programmers will Will take a long time to be pulled off other get completed projects Fix/Enhancement will go to all customers quickly Low Risk High Risk Few Customers Affected Many Customers Affected Prioritized Issues **High Priority** Will be in a queue. Will go to top of priority Priority will depend on list a number of factors A problem that exists **Little Effort** here too long could become "All Hands on Deck"



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Techniques and Methods

- •The "issues list" Pre- and Post-Go-Live
 - Used to keep track of issues
 - •Needs to be shared with the vendor, even updated by the vendor
 - •Should have a number of variables (see Small Hospital HIT Toolkit and example to follow)
- Collaborative efforts
 - •Can be very powerful for issues that the vendor is not resolving fast enough
 - Peers & Neighbors
 - Consider teaming up with a larger facility
- User group meetings
 - •Can be a good forum
 - •Bring your issues up in the proper context
 - Seek out collaboration too



Issues List

•Should have the following fields:

- Vendor reference number
- Detailed description with room for follow up
- •An assessment of risk or priority for each issue (High-Medium-Low), but be careful not to have too many "High" priority
- •Who reported the problem
- What module is affected
- What users are affected
- •Who the issue is assigned to, either the vendor of internal staff
- •When the issue was assigned and the date of follow up
- •An indicator of whether the problem is escalated and to whom
- Resolution and resolution date
- •Issues need to have resolutions that are agreeable to the CUSTOMER
- •Learn to use your vendors tools!



Issues List

¥	·	Risk: H-M-L	Reported by	Assigned to	Assigned	Date of Follow up	Escalation	Resolution	Date Resolved	Signoff



Using the Issues List

- Pre Go-Live
- Post Go-Live
 - Should be a part of how you manage your IT systems
 - •If list gets too large, or high-priority items are not being resolved in a timely manner, it is time to have periodic meetings with the vendor
 - Weekly status meetings
 - Engage account manager
 - Ask for an assigned project manager or developer



Collaboration

- •If you are not getting issues resolved in a timely manner, collaborating with a peer can be very powerful
- •Issues list is still in use, but there may be a shared issues list
- •Get to know the hospitals or clinics that use your system, particularly those that are similar to you
 - Same level of adoption
 - Similar size and service offerings
 - Geography not important
- Have periodic calls (weekly?) with peer-partners and with the vendor
- •This technique should only be used when there are critical issues that need resolution OR when your peer group has an enhancement request that you feel is important and would be a good contribution to the product



User Group Meetings

- User group meetings are an excellent forum to:
 - Network with peers
 - Discuss issues with the vendor and peers
 - "Bend the ear" of the vendor executives
- •Be careful not to sound like a chronic complainer: Issues brought up in a public forum should be well articulated and have a significant impact on your organization



Escalation



Multiple levels of escalation exist here: First level, Second level, Development, etc

Support

Majority of issues end here, all issues start here



Escalation

- •Know your vendor's path!
 - Account manager may be happy to share this with you
 - •Study the vendor's website, particularly the "About Us" page and "Executive Contacts"
 - Try to get a copy of the organization chart
- Be mindful of "stepping on toes"
- As you escalate higher, you will need to get more specific and have more evidence
- •Understand your contract! There are likely response times, remedies for disputes, etc.



Leverage

- •You have leverage when you have something the vendor needs:
 - Money
 - Recommendations
 - A happy customer
 - •A quiet customer
- You create leverage by
 - Withholding payment for support (within the confines of the contract)
 - Talking with peers
 - Escalating issues
- Use leverage wisely
 - Don't make idle threats
 - •Understand the vendor's priorities and motivations
 - •Remember: The vendor is your partner. Don't burn bridges!



Being the "Squeaky Wheel" while not "Crying Wolf"

- The importance of timing
- Don't escalate unnecessarily
 - Ask why your issue has not been resolved
 - Ask for escalation and resolution dates
 - •Ask (don't threaten) to escalate
- •If resolution time is becoming a chronic problem, request weekly status meetings with support manager or account manager
- •Escalation should not be a routine procedure. If it is, you are either "crying wolf" or the vendor is not performing...
- Ask your peers if they are experiencing the same issues



Making the decision to divorce...

- •Red flags that may indicate the vendor is in trouble
 - •Shortage of staff, yet few job openings on their web site
 - •High turnover in sales staff
 - •Critical issues are not being resolved and your peers are also very frustrated
- •Be aware that:
 - Switching vendors is very expensive
 - •There is a contract, and you and the vendor will need to live up to it
 - •You will need to get your data out of the system
 - •Once the vendor believes they have lost you as a customer, they will provide minimal support
- Understand your contract!
 - •How do you separate? What is the term of the contract? Did you and the vendor follow all procedures defined in the contract?
 - •What does the contract specify for data migration?
 - •Is it possible to have a read-only system for a period of time?
 - •Remember that you probably don't OWN the software. You have a "right to use".



Summary and Additional Tips

- •Keep in mind the point of view of the vendor
- •Do your homework!
 - Contract
 - •Check vendor website for executive contacts, job openings, other information
- •Keep an issues list, both before go-live and after.
- Learn and use the vendor's tools
- Know how to escalate
- Know your leverage points
- •"You can attract more flies with honey than vinegar"
 - •"I would really like to be a reference account?"
 - "Should this issue be escalated?"
 - •"Where is my issue in your priority list?"
 - •"What is the best way to escalate issues that I feel are important?"



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